

补全对话 根据对话内容，从右边方框中选出适当的选项补全对话。

29. (10分) A: Hello, this is Toby. Could I speak to David, please?

B: Hello, this is Tina speaking. (1) _____ Can I take a message?

A: Thanks. Please tell David we'll have a dinner party with our friends. (2) _____

B: I'm sure he'll be excited about that. (3) _____

A: In my house.

B: (4) _____

A: At 7 o'clock on Friday evening.

B: OK. (5) _____

A: No, thanks a lot. Bye!

B: Bye!

A. Where is the party?

B. Is there anything else?

C. When will you have the party?

D. I'm afraid he's out at this moment.

E. Because we won the football match.

完形填空 阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

30. (10分) When you are young, your parents often decide for you. But there are (1) _____ times when you have to decide things for yourself. To make a good decision (决定), first you have to (2) _____ what the problem is. Then think carefully about the ways to solve the problem. So you can get the (3) _____ one. Sometimes we can feel if our decisions are good or bad. Feel bad? It (4) _____ that you are worried about your decisions. You'd better ask your parents or your teachers for help and make a better one. (5) _____ makes wrong decisions sometimes. When you make a wrong decision, don't worry. You should try to put things right.

(1) A. hardly B. still C. similar

(2) A. find out B. make up C. hear of

(3) A. newest B. best C. funniest

(4) A.believes B.reports C.means

(5) A.Everyone B.No one C.Nobody

完形填空

31. (10分) Julie's grandma Amanda liked traveling and often telling Amanda travel stories, "You can see and learn about it by (1) _____. The world is wonderful. And it's (2) _____ to see something once than to hear about it a hundred times."

Traveling is a big part of Amanda's life. (3) _____, it became difficult to leave her house because she couldn't walk (4) _____ in her eighties.

One day, Amanda said, "I am (5) _____ to go for a long walk. I can just often look back on the old days. My life is (6) _____." After hearing this, Julie began to (7) _____ old people's lives. She (8) _____ many old people across the country personally and found that they were bored at home. Then she decided to use VR technology (技术) to make a (n) (9) _____ in their lives.

"My grandma is (10) _____ every time she puts on the VR headset (虚拟实境体验耳机). She can enjoy the beauty of the world in a new way now," Julie said.

(1) A.herself B.yourself C.myself

(2) A.prettier B.faster C.better

(3) A.However B.Luckily C.Finally

(4) A.high B.far C.forward

(5) A.unhappy B.unlucky C.unable

(6) A.meaningless B.creative C.dangerous

(7) A.talk about B.care about C.hear about

(8) A.taught B.acted C.visited

(9) A.decision B.improvement C.promise

(10) A.careful B.understanding C.excited

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容判断句子正误。正确的涂“A”，错误的涂“B”。

32. (10分)

Who runs the world's club music?

The Top 100 DJs 2022 list by DJ Mag came out on Oct.27th.Dutch (荷兰的) DJ Martin topped the list.DJ Mag is a magazine in Britain from January 31st, 1991.As usual, the list comes out around October every year.It's based (基于) on how popular these artists are around the world.Weeks before the results, people can vote (投票) for their top 5 favorite DJs.Here are the top three.

Name	Nationality	DJ style	Popular work
Martin	The Netherlands	Pop/electronic	Animals, Scared to Be Lonely
David	France	EDM (electronic dance music)	So Far Away, Nothing But the Beat
Dimitri &Mike	Belgium	EDM	Tremor, the Hum

根据短文内容判断句子正误。正确的涂"A", 错误的涂"B"。

- (1) This TOP 100 DJs list by DJ Mag comes out in January every year. _____
- (2) "Mag" may be a short form (缩写) of the word "magician". _____
- (3) Everyone votes for his top 100 favorite DJs before the results come out. _____
- (4) The top three DJs 2022 each come from different countries. _____
- (5) If you love EDM, you may listen to Animals and Scared to Be Lonely. _____



阅读下面两篇短文, 根据短文内容选择正确答案。

33. (10分)

What we need:	
● ice	● salt
● a big bag	● a small bag
● 1 spoon of sugar	● 1/4 spoon of vanilla extract (香草精)
● 1/2 cup of half - and - half (牛奶和奶油的混合物)	

Steps:

● Take the small bag and add 1 spoon of sugar, 1/2 cup of half - and - half and 1/4 spoon of vanilla extract into it. Mix them all up.

● Add three glasses of ice to the big bag.

● To keep the ice cold, pour about 1/2 cup of salt in the big bag. Place the small bag in the big bag. Shake the bag for about five minutes.

● Take the small bag out. Be careful not to open it. Clean off the salt on the bag.

You can finish all of the work in less than ten minutes. Now enjoy your ice - cream.

(1) How many kinds of ingredients do we need in this recipe? _____

A. Three.

B. Four.

C. Five.

(2) How much sugar do we need? _____

A. 1 spoon.

B. 1/2 cup.

C. 1/4 spoon.

(3) How long can we finish all of the work? _____

A. For less than 10 minutes.

B. For about 5 minutes.

C. For more than 10 minutes.

(4) What's the recipe for? _____

A. Iced salad.

B. Ice - cream.

C. Sugar milk shake.

(5) In which magazine below can we read this passage? _____

A. Ice and Snow World.

B. Science Today.

C. Good Taste.

阅读理解

34. (10分) Do you know NAO—the first robot that is able to show feelings? It was made by a group of European scientists."People usually show feelings through their faces or languages, but NAO doesn't.When NAO is not happy, it puts its head down and looks sad.When it is happy, it opens its arms,"says Lola Canamero, a computer scientist at the University of Her for Shire.

"In the future, NAO can get along with people more naturally and comfortably."Says the scientist.

Scientist programmed NAO of a one - year - old child.It can remember faces and know the rules of good and bad so that NAO can decide what to do, when to show feelings each time.

In hospitals NAO will help doctors, nurses and parents.Children might find a small friendly - looking NAO."The robot will help the children to relax and tell them what to do so that they can get better quickly."Says Lola.

(1) How can NAO show its happiness in the passage? _____

- A.Through its face.
- B.Through its language.
- C.By opening its arms.

(2) Who might Lola Canamero be? _____

- A.A European scientist.
- B.The future child.
- C.A one - year - old robot.

(3) What can NAO do in the passage? _____

- A.Help people shop online.
- B.Have a better relationship with people.
- C.Decide where to show feelings.

(4) Who can NAO help in a hospital? _____

- A.University workers.
- B.Small friendly - looking robots.
- C.The children.

(5) What are Paragraph (段落) 3 and 4 talking about? _____

A.How does NAO work?

B.How much is NAO?

C.When will scientists make NAO?

补全单词 根据首字母及句意写出完整单词。(共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

35. (1 分) Sam's reply s _____ me because I thought he wouldn't come to my housewarming party.

36. (1 分) All my family ate out together to c _____ that Messi and his team won the World Cup.

37. (1 分) Is it p _____ that humans will have to leave the earth? Nobody knows for sure.

38. (1 分) My grandma spends her lifetime on the farm. She says farming e _____ is the best teacher.

39. (1 分) The girls t _____ know the importance of health now. They exercise more than before.

完成对话 在空格中填上适当的单词, 使对话完整正确。一空一词 (含缩写词)。

40. (10 分) A: Hey, Jim! You are reading a story book called Five Little Monkeys. When did you take an interest in books for (1) _____? We are 13 years old.

B: I read to my brother every Friday night.

A: Nice! What is your (2) _____ to do it?

B: I usually talk about the (3) _____ first. The picture and the name of the book can help learn about the story. Try to use (4) _____ language. Children can't understand all the words in the book.

A: You are quite right!

B: I also use different voices (声音) for each (5) _____. It helps kids understand who is talking.

A: Thanks! What else do you do with your family?

B: We often go to the movies. So we (6) _____ cinemas most carefully. Town Cinema is our favorite because it has the best sound and the biggest screens. We can see the pictures so (7) _____.

A: How often do you go there?

B: About once two weeks. But these days I have the flu. So it's (8) _____ to stay at home. We have to watch the Minions online this Saturday afternoon. (9) _____ it's old, the cartoon is enjoyable. Can you come over to my house?

A: Sure! Now I know why you have such a good relationship. You spend lots of (10) _____ together.

短文填空 从下面方框中选出 10 个单词, 将其正确形式填入短文, 使短文意思正确通顺 (每词限用一次)。

41. (10 分)

accept advise again delete feel hard how small success try upset why

Do you often make a resolution that you are going to work harder in the future? Do you get bad grades (1) _____ because you can't keep your resolution for long? I know this (2) _____. It makes you (3) _____. But you must keep (4) _____.

Here is some (5) _____ for you. First, find out (6) _____ you can't keep doing it. Is it because of your computer games? If your answer is yes, stay away from them. Second, think about how you will feel if you can't be (7) _____. Turn that bad feeling to your strength (力量). Then, when you study, try not to be worried about your difficulty. Worrying about your difficulty can make it look (8) _____ than it really is. Do a little at a time. Finally, believe you can do it. My grandpa told me not to give up. Don't think "I can't do this." You should try "I can't do this yet, but I will." No matter (无论) how (9) _____ your self-improvement is, be proud (自豪) of yourself. Also learn (10) _____ that you can't go on sometimes.

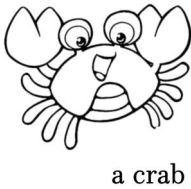
补全短文 根据短文内容, 从短文后的 A~F 选项中选出 5 个适当的选项补全短文。

42. (5 分) Scientists already believe robot animals will become more and more important in the future. Hopping is very hard work, but kangaroos never seem to get tired. A German team built a robot kangaroo. (1) _____ Scientists hope to improve the way to move things in factories.

Scientists are also finding that robot animals can help people do very difficult jobs. (2) _____ Robot snakes can save the people under buildings after an earthquake (地震). (3) _____ Robot dogs can now carry things for people, open their doors for them and even do the dishes! (4) _____ They can go and be with groups of the same kind of animals. The robot

animals have cameras (摄像头) inside. (5) _____ And because the robot animal looks the same as the other animals, they are not afraid to stay near it.

- A.It can hop just like the real animal.
- B.Robot animals can look like real ones.
- C.Robot crabs can dig underwater and look for things.
- D.Some robot animals are also helping people in need.
- E.They can help people learn more about those animals 'living.
- F.So scientists can take beautiful photos of themselves more clearly.



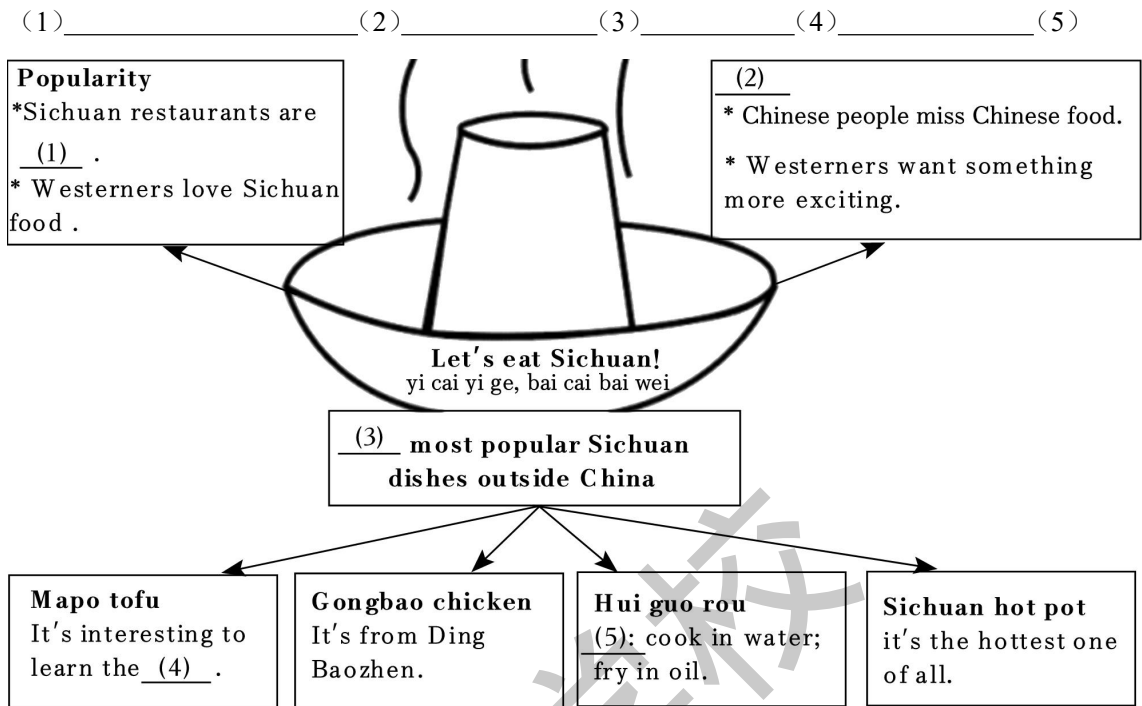
完成图表 根据短文内容，完成图表中所缺信息。

43. (5分) In the West, Sichuan food is very popular. Because Sichuan Chinese are opening Sichuan restaurants in many places. And Westerners (西方人) are beginning to love the hot, spicy food of Sichuan.

Many Chinese people in America want to eat food that makes them think of home. Westerners also want something more exciting when they go out to eat. And for them, nothing is more different than mapo tofu or gongbao chicken. The Chinese say yi cai yi ge, bai cai bai wei. This means each dish has its own taste, a hundred dishes have a hundred different tastes.

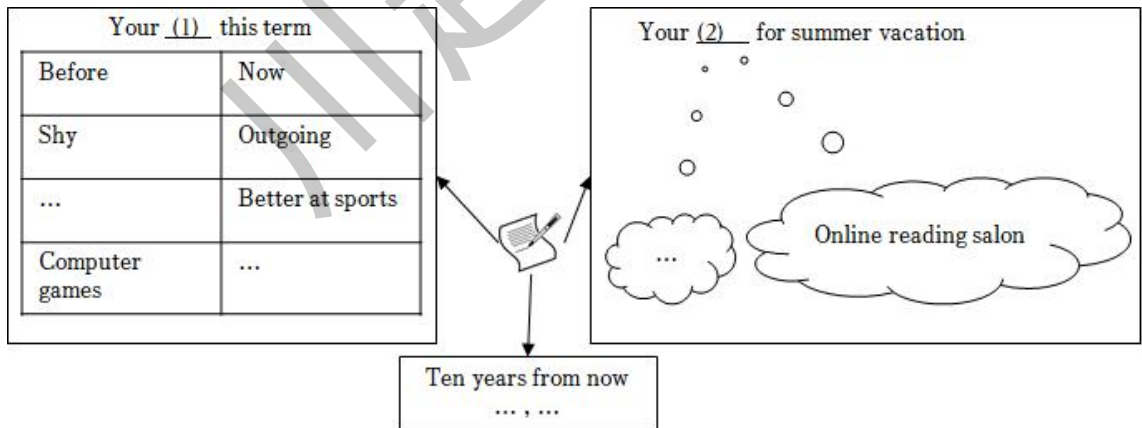
So which are the most popular outside China? Mapo tofu is probably the most famous Sichuan dish in the West. The name means "tofu made by an old woman with marks (麻子) on her face." Gongbao chicken's name comes from Ding Baozhen, a Qing governor (官员) of Sichuan. The dish was his favorite. Another delicious dish is hui guo rou. The meat is first cooked in water and then fried in oil with fresh vegetables. And finally comes the hottest of all: Sichuan hot pot. Many Westerners don't think they can eat a Sichuan hot pot meal with their

Chinese friends without asking for cold water.



书面表达 (计 15 分)

44. (15 分) "成都市中小学生生涯规划教育实施方案"出台后, 你校开展了一系列活动。假如你是刘明, 请根据以下内容写一份英语演讲稿, 参加本月的演讲比赛。



要求:

- (1) 请先填写表中空格;
- (2) 须完整描述图文信息;
- (3) 文中不能出现真实校名和姓名;
- (4) 词数 90 左右。

参考词汇: salon 沙龙

川越学校

—Yes.I'm not free to go to the party. ()

A. turn down

B. look for

C. prepare for

【分析】 - 你拒绝了 Lisa 的聚会邀请吗?

- 是的。我没空去参加聚会。

【解答】 A.拒绝; B.寻找; C.为……做准备。根据 I'm not free to go to the party.我没空去参加聚会。可知是拒绝了邀请。

故选: A。

【点评】 熟悉动词短语的用法, 结合题意, 给出答案。

27. (1分) — _____ do you stay up, Karen?

—Almost never.I usually go to bed at 9: 30 p.m. ()

A. How long

B. How much

C. How often

【分析】 - - Karen, 你多久熬一次夜?

- - 几乎从不。我通常晚上九点半上床睡觉。

【解答】 How long 多久, 对一段时间或长度提问; How much 多少, 修饰不可数名词; How often 多久一次, 对频率提问。根据 Almost never."几乎从不。"可知, 对频率提问, 所以用 How often。

故选: C。

【点评】 考查情境对话, 在日常学习中要从实际情景交际中多练习, 掌握一些习惯用语。结合语境, 分析选项, 选择正确的回答, 完成练习。

28. (1分) —I wonder _____ life will be like here in the future.

—Maybe we will be able to live on another planet. ()

A. when

B. what

C. how

【分析】 - - 我想知道将来这里的生活将会是什么样的。

- - 也许我们将能够生活在另外的星球上。

【解答】 根据观察和分析可知题干包含宾语从句。宾语从句缺少介词 like (像...一样) 的宾语。when 何时, 在宾语从句中作状语; what 什么, 在宾语从句中可作宾语; how 在宾语从句中作状语, 因此本题答案是 B。

故选: B。

【点评】 本题主要考查宾语从句的有关知识。

补全对话 根据对话内容,从右边方框中选出适当的选项补全对话。

29. (10分) A: Hello, this is Toby. Could I speak to David, please?

B: Hello, this is Tina speaking. (1) D Can I take a message?

A: Thanks. Please tell David we'll have a dinner party with our friends. (2) E

B: I'm sure he'll be excited about that. (3) A

A: In my house.

B: (4) C

A: At 7 o'clock on Friday evening.

B: OK. (5) B

A: No, thanks a lot. Bye!

B: Bye!

A. Where is the party?

B. Is there anything else?

C. When will you have the party?

D. I'm afraid he's out at this moment.

E. Because we won the football match.

【分析】托比给大卫打电话,蒂娜接的电话。蒂娜说会给大卫捎口信。托比想告诉大卫和朋友们庆祝足球比赛胜利吃饭的一些事宜。

【解答】(1) 根据上文 Could I speak to David, please? (请问大卫在吗?)及 Hello, this is Tina speaking. (你好,我是蒂娜。)及下文 Can I take a message? (要留个口信吗?)结合选项可知,D项"恐怕他现在出去了。"符合语境。故选D。

(2) 根据下文 I'm sure he'll be excited about that. (我相信他会很兴奋的。)结合选项可知,E项"因为我们赢了足球比赛。"符合语境。故选E。

(3) 根据下文 In my house. (在我家。)结合选项可知,A项"聚会在哪里举行?"符合语境。故选A。

(4) 根据下文 At 7 o'clock on Friday evening. (星期五晚上7点。)结合选项可知,C项"你什么时候举行聚会?"符合语境。故选C。

(5) 根据下文 No, thanks a lot. (没有了,非常感谢。)结合选项可知,B项"还有别的吗?"符合语境。故选B。

【点评】根据问题选择合适的答语，注意汉语意思以及一些常用问题的回答术语。

完形填空 阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

30. (10分) When you are young, your parents often decide for you. But there are (1) B times when you have to decide things for yourself. To make a good decision (决定), first you have to (2) A what the problem is. Then think carefully about the ways to solve the problem. So you can get the (3) B one. Sometimes we can feel if our decisions are good or bad. Feel bad? It (4) C that you are worried about your decisions. You'd better ask your parents or your teachers for help and make a better one. (5) A makes wrong decisions sometimes. When you make a wrong decision, don't worry. You should try to put things right.

- (1) A. hardly B. still C. similar
(2) A. find out B. make up C. hear of
(3) A. newest B. best C. funniest
(4) A. believes B. reports C. means
(5) A. Everyone B. No one C. Nobody

【分析】本文主要介绍了你还小的时候，有时候需要自己做决定，首先得发现问题是什么，找出好的办法，如果认为自己的决定不够好，就可以求助父母或者老师，如果做了一个错误的决定，就一个试着把事情摆正。

【解答】(1) 副词辨析。句意：但有时你还是得自己做决定。A. hardly 几乎不；B. still 还、依旧；C. similar 相似的。根据 When you are young, your parents often decide for you. (当你还小的时候，你的父母经常为你做决定。) 和 But (但是) 可知，有时你还是得自己做决定，因此选 still。故选 B。

(2) 短语辨析。句意：要做出正确的决定，首先你必须找出问题所在。A. find out 查明；B. make up 编造；C. hear of 听说。根据 To make a good decision (决定) (为了做出正确的决定) 可知，此处指首先要找出问题所在，因此选 find out。故选 A。

(3) 形容词辨析。句意：因此你可以得到最好的方法。A. newest 最新的；B. best 最好的；C. funniest 最滑稽的。根据 Then think carefully about the ways to solve the problem. (然后仔细考虑解决问题的方法。) 可知，此处指得到最好的方法。故选 B。

(4) 动词辨析。句意：这意味着你担心你的决定。A.believes 相信；B.reports 报道；C.means 意味着。根据 Feel bad? (感觉不好?) 可知，此处指这意味着你担心你的决定。故选 C。

(5) 代词辨析。句意：每个人都有犯错的时候。A.Everyone 每个人；B.No one 没有人；C.Nobody 没有人。no one 相当于 nobody，结合语境和常识，此处指每个人都有犯错的时候。故选 A。

【点评】 根据短文大意和语境选择合适的单词，并用其正确的形式填入空白处，使补全后的短文意思通顺，语法正确，结构完整，注意单词的适当形式。

完形填空

31. (10 分) Julie's grandma Amanda liked traveling and often telling Amanda travel stories, "You can see and learn about it by (1) B. The world is wonderful. And it's (2) C to see something once than to hear about it a hundred times."

Traveling is a big part of Amanda's life. (3) A, it became difficult to leave her house because she couldn't walk (4) B in her eighties.

One day, Amanda said, "I am (5) C to go for a long walk. I can just often look back on the old days. My life is (6) A." After hearing this, Julie began to (7) B old people's lives. She (8) C many old people across the country personally and found that they were bored at home. Then she decided to use VR technology (技术) to make a(n) (9) B in their lives.

"My grandma is (10) C every time she puts on the VR headset (虚拟实境体验耳机). She can enjoy the beauty of the world in a new way now," Julie said.

- | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) A.herself | B.yourself | C.myself |
| (2) A.prettier | B.faster | C.better |
| (3) A.However | B.Luckily | C.Finally |
| (4) A.high | B.far | C.forward |
| (5) A.unhappy | B.unlucky | C.unable |
| (6) A.meaningless | B.creative | C.dangerous |
| (7) A.talk about | B.care about | C.hear about |

(8) A.taught B.acted C.visited

(9) A.decision B.improvement C.promise

(10) A.careful B.understanding C.excited

【分析】文章讲述了朱莉看到奶奶因为年纪大了，不能走远路而不能如以前一样出去旅行了，朱莉开始关心老年人的生活。她了解到很多老年人在家里很无聊，就想出了使用虚拟现实技术来改善他们的生活。奶奶每次戴上虚拟现实耳机都很兴奋。

【解答】(1) 考查反身代词。句意：你可以自己去看和了解它。A.她自己；B.你自己；C.我自己。根据下文 And it's better to see something once than to hear about it a hundred times.

(一件事看一遍总比听一百遍要好。)可知，奶奶告诉朱莉自己去了解世界。故选 B。

(2) 考查形容词比较级。句意：一件事看一遍总比听一百遍要好。A.更美丽；B.更快；C.更好。根据上文 You can see and learn about it by yourself. (你可以自己去看和了解它。)可知，一件事看一遍总比听一百遍要好。故选 D。

(3) 考查副词。句意：然而，她已经八十多岁了，走路都走不动了，要离开家变得很困难。A.然而；B.幸运地；C.最后。根据下文 it became difficult to leave her house because she couldn't walk far in her eighties. (她已经八十多岁了，走路都走不动了，要离开家变得很困难。)可知，此处表示转折，表示"然而"。故选 A。

(4) 考查副词。句意：然而，她已经八十多岁了，走路都走不动了，要离开家变得很困难。A.高；B.远；C.向前。根据空前 it became difficult to leave her house (要离开家变得很困难)可知，她不能远走了。故选 B。

(5) 考查形容词。句意：一天，阿曼达说："我不能长时间走路了。"A.不快乐的；B.不幸运的；C.不能的。根据下文 I can just often look back on the old days. (我只能经常回顾过去的日子。)可知，奶奶现在不能长时间走路了。故选 C。

(6) 考查形容词。句意：我的生活是毫无意义的。A.毫无意义的；B.有创造力的；C.危险的。根据上文 I can just often look back on the old days. (我只能经常回顾过去的日子。)可知，奶奶认为自己现在的生活毫无意义。故选 A。

(7) 考查短语。句意：听到这个消息后，朱莉开始关心老年人的生活。A.谈论；B.关心；C.听说。根据下文 She visited many old people across the country personally and found that they were bored at home. (她亲自走访了全国各地的许多老人，发现他们在家里很无聊。)可知，朱莉听到奶奶的话之后，开始关心老年人的生活。故选 B。

(8) 考查动词。句意：她亲自拜访了全国各地的许多老人，发现他们在家里很无聊。A. 教；B.表演；C.拜访。根据空前 found that they were bored at home.（发现他们在家里很无聊。）可知，朱莉亲自拜访了全国各地的许多老人。故选 C。

(9) 考查名词。句意：然后她决定使用虚拟现实技术来改善他们的生活。A.决定；B.改善；C.承诺。根据上文 She visited many old people across the country personally and found that they were bored at home.（她亲自拜访了全国各地的许多老人，发现他们在家里很无聊。）可知，朱莉想改善老年人的生活。故选 B。

(10) 考查形容词。句意：我奶奶每次戴上虚拟现实耳机都很兴奋。A.小心地；B.善解人意的；C.兴奋的。根据下文 She can enjoy the beauty of the world in a new way now, "Julie said.（她现在可以以一种新的方式享受世界的美丽了。"朱莉说。）可知，朱莉的奶奶戴上虚拟现实耳机都很兴奋。故选 C。

【点评】根据短文大意和语境选择合适的单词，并用其正确的形式填入空白处，使补全后的短文意思通顺，语法正确，结构完整，注意单词的适当形式。

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容判断句子正误。正确的涂“A”，错误的涂“B”。

32. (10分)

Who runs the world's club music?

The Top 100 DJs 2022 list by DJ Mag came out on Oct.27th.Dutch（荷兰的）DJ Martin topped the list.DJ Mag is a magazine in Britain from January 31st, 1991.As usual, the list comes out around October every year.It's based（基于）on how popular these artists are around the world.Weeks before the results, people can vote（投票）for their top 5 favorite DJs.Here are the top three.

Name	Nationality	DJ style	Popular work
Martin	The Netherlands	Pop/electronic	Animals, Scared to Be Lonely
David	France	EDM（electronic dance music）	So Far Away, Nothing But the Beat
Dimitri & Mike	Belgium	EDM	Tremor, the Hum

根据短文内容判断句子正误。正确的涂"A"，错误的涂"B"。

(1) This TOP 100 DJs list by DJ Mag comes out in January every year. B

- (2) "Mag" may be a short form (缩写) of the word "magician". B
- (3) Everyone votes for his top 100 favorite DJs before the results come out. B
- (4) The top three DJs 2022 each come from different countries. A
- (5) If you love EDM, you may listen to Animals and Scared to Be Lonely. B



【分析】这篇短文主要介绍了三个世界上顶尖的音乐俱乐部。

【解答】细节判断题。

(1) 根据第一段 The Top 100 DJs 2022 list by DJ Mag came out on Oct.27th. (DJ Mag 于 10 月 27 日发布了 2022 年百大 DJ 榜单。)可知,这份由 DJ Mag 评选的百大 DJ 名单将于每年一月公布。表述错误。故填 B。

(2) 根据第一段 DJ Mag is a magazine in Britain from January 31st, 1991. (《DJ Mag》是一本 1991 年 1 月 31 日起在英国发行的杂志。)可知, "Mag"可能是"魔术师"一词的缩写。表述错误。故填 B。

(3) 根据第一段 Weeks before the results, people can vote for their top 5 favorite DJs. (在选举结果公布前几周,人们可以投票选出他们最喜欢的五位 DJ。)可知,在结果出来之前,每个人都投票选出他最喜欢的前 100 位 DJ。表述错误。故填 B。

(4) 根据表格中 Nationality The Netherlands France Belgium (国家 荷兰、法国、比利时)可知,2022 年的前三名 DJ 分别来自不同的国家。表述正确。故填 A。

(5) 根据表格中 Pop/electronic Animals, Scared to Be Lonely (流行/电子 动物, 害怕孤独) EDM (electronic dance music) So Far Away, Nothing But the Beat (EDM (电子舞曲)如此遥远,只有节拍) EDM Tremor, the Hum (EDM 震颤, 哼哼)可知,如果你喜欢 EDM,你可以听动物,害怕孤独。表述错误。故填 B。

【点评】通读全文,理解文章大意,阅读题目后返回原文阅读并找出与题目相对应的内容,仔细核对,选择符合原文原意的答案,完成后再次阅读并检查。

阅读下面两篇短文,根据短文内容选择正确答案。

33. (10 分)

What we need:

- ice
- salt
- a big bag
- a small bag
- 1 spoon of sugar
- 1/4 spoon of vanilla extract (香草精)
- 1/2 cup of half - and - half (牛奶和奶油的混合物)

Steps:

- Take the small bag and add 1 spoon of sugar, 1/2 cup of half - and - half and 1/4 spoon of vanilla extract into it. Mix them all up.
- Add three glasses of ice to the big bag.
- To keep the ice cold, pour about 1/2 cup of salt in the big bag. Place the small bag in the big bag. Shake the bag for about five minutes.
- Take the small bag out. Be careful not to open it. Clean off the salt on the bag.

You can finish all of the work in less than ten minutes. Now enjoy your ice - cream.

(1) How many kinds of ingredients do we need in this recipe? C

- A. Three.
- B. Four.
- C. Five.

(2) How much sugar do we need? A

- A. 1 spoon.
- B. 1/2 cup.
- C. 1/4 spoon.

(3) How long can we finish all of the work? A

- A. For less than 10 minutes.
- B. For about 5 minutes.
- C. For more than 10 minutes.

(4) What's the recipe for? B

- A. Iced salad.
- B. Ice - cream.
- C. Sugar milk shake.

(5) In which magazine below can we read this passage? C

A. Ice and Snow World.

B. Science Today.

C. Good Taste.

【分析】这篇短文主要讲述了如何制作冰淇淋。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据文中 What we need: ice salt 1 spoon of sugar 1/4 spoon of vanilla extract 1/2 cup of half - and - half (我们需要什么: 冰、盐、1 勺糖、1/4 勺香草精、1/2 杯牛奶和奶油的混合物) 可知, 配方中一共需要五种原料。故选 C。

(2) 细节理解题。根据文中 1 spoon of sugar (1 勺糖) 可知, 需要一勺糖。故选 A。

(3) 细节理解题。根据文中 You can finish all of the work in less than ten minutes. (你可以在不到十分钟的时间内完成所有的工作。) 可知, 不到十分钟就可以完成这个工作。故选 A。

(4) 细节理解题。根据文中 Now enjoy your ice - cream. (现在享用你的冰淇淋。) 可知, 这个配方是冰淇淋的。故选 B。

(5) 文章来源题。根据文中 You can finish all of the work in less than ten minutes. Now enjoy your ice - cream. (你可以在不到十分钟的时间内完成所有的工作。现在享用你的冰淇淋。) 结合全文内容, 主要讲述了如何制作冰淇淋。可知, 本文应该来源于好味道杂志。故填 C。

【点评】通读全文, 理解文章大意, 阅读题目后返回原文阅读并找出与题目相对应的内容, 仔细核对, 选择符合原文原意的答案, 完成后再次阅读并检查。

阅读理解

34. (10 分) Do you know NAO—the first robot that is able to show feelings? It was made by a group of European scientists. "People usually show feelings through their faces or languages, but NAO doesn't. When NAO is not happy, it puts its head down and looks sad. When it is happy, it opens its arms," says Lola Canamero, a computer scientist at the University of Her for Shire.

"In the future, NAO can get along with people more naturally and comfortably." Says the scientist.

Scientist programmed NAO of a one - year - old child. It can remember faces and know the rules of good and bad so that NAO can decide what to do, when to show feelings each time.

In hospitals NAO will help doctors , nurses and parents.Children might find a small friendly - looking NAO."The robot will help the children to relax and tell them what to do so that they can get better quickly."Says Lola.

(1) How can NAO show its happiness in the passage? C

A.Through its face.

B.Through its language.

C.By opening its arms.

(2) Who might Lola Canamero be? A

A.A European scientist.

B.The future child.

C.A one - year - old robot.

(3) What can NAO do in the passage? B

A.Help people shop online.

B.Have a better relationship with people.

C.Decide where to show feelings.

(4) Who can NAO help in a hospital? C

A.University workers.

B.Small friendly - looking robots.

C.The children.

(5) What are Paragraph (段落) 3 and 4 talking about? A

A.How does NAO work?

B.How much is NAO?

C.When will scientists make NAO?

【分析】 本文主要介绍了第一个能够表达感情的机器人 - - NAO。

【解答】 (1) 细节理解题。根据第一段 When it is happy, it opens its arms (当它高兴时, 会张开双臂。) 可知高兴时它会张开双臂。故选 C。

(2) 细节理解题。根据第一段 It was made by a group of European scientists."People usually show feelings through their faces or languages, but NAO doesn't.When NAO is not happy, it puts its head down and looks sad.When it is happy, it opens its arms, "says Lola Canamero,

a computer scientist at the University of Her for Shire. (它是由一群欧洲科学家制作的。夏尔赫尔大学的计算机科学家 Lola Canamero 说:"人们通常通过脸或语言表达感情,但 NAO 没有。当 NAO 不高兴时,它会低下头,看起来很难过。当它高兴时,会张开双臂。")可知他是一位欧洲科学家。故选 A。

(3) 细节理解题。根据第二段 "In the future, NAO can get along with people more naturally and comfortably." Says the scientist. (这位科学家说: "未来, NAO 可以更自然、更舒适地与人相处。") 可知 NAO 能与人建立更好的关系。故选 B。

(4) 细节理解题。根据最后一段 The robot will help the children to relax and tell them what to do so that they can get better quickly. (机器人会帮助孩子们放松,告诉他们该做什么,这样他们就能很快好转。)可知 NAO 能在医院帮助孩子们。故选 C。

(5) 段落大意题。根据第三、四段 Scientist programmed NAO of a one - year - old child. It can remember faces and know the rules of good and bad so that NAO can decide what to do, when to show feelings each time. In hospitals NAO will help doctors, nurses and parents. (科学家为一个一岁的孩子编程了 NAO。它可以记住面孔,知道好与坏的规则,这样 NAO 就可以决定每次做什么,什么时候表现出感觉。在医院里, NAO 会帮助医生、护士和家長。)可知三、四段主要讲述了 NAO 是如何运作的。故选 A。

【点评】 通读全文,理解文章大意,阅读题目后返回原文阅读并找出与题目相对应的内容,仔细核对,选择符合原文原意的答案,完成后再次阅读并检查。

补全单词 根据首字母及句意写出完整单词。(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,计 5 分)

35. (1 分) Sam's reply s urprised me because I thought he wouldn't come to my housewarming party.

【分析】 山姆的回答让我很惊讶,因为我以为他不会来参加我的乔迁派对。

【解答】 根据"山姆的回答让我很.....,因为我以为他不会来参加我的乔迁派对。"及首字母提示可知,应该是"使惊讶",这里是一般过去时态,谓语动词用 surprise 的过去式。

故答案为: surprised。

【点评】 充分理解句意,再根据提示完成试题,注意时态、单复数、词性等变化。

36. (1 分) All my family ate out together to c elebrate that Messi and his team won the World Cup.

【分析】 我全家一起出去吃饭庆祝梅西和他的球队赢得了世界杯。

【解答】 根据"我全家一起出去吃饭.....梅西和他的球队赢得了世界杯。"及首字母提示可

知，应该是"庆祝"，这里不定式 to 后跟动词原形 celebrate。

故答案为：celebrate。

【点评】充分理解句意，再根据提示完成试题，注意时态、单复数、词性等变化。

37. (1分) Is it p ossible that humans will have to leave the earth? Nobody knows for sure.

【分析】人类不得不离开地球是可能的吗？没有人确切知道。

【解答】根据"人类不得不离开地球是.....吗？没有人确切知道。"及首字母提示可知，应该是"可能的"，这里 Is 系动词，系表结构，填形容词 possible 作表语。

故答案为：possible。

【点评】充分理解句意，再根据提示完成试题，注意时态、单复数、词性等变化。

38. (1分) My grandma spends her lifetime on the farm. She says farming e xperience is the best teacher.

【分析】我奶奶一生都在农场度过。她说务农经验是最好的老师。

【解答】根据题干，可知是指我奶奶一生都在农场度过。她说务农经验是最好的老师。experience 经验，不可数名词。

故答案为：experience。

【点评】本题考查单词填空，首先要根据语境明确句意，然后再根据相关语法给出答案。

39. (1分) The girls t otally know the importance of health now. They exercise more than before.

【分析】女孩们现在完全知道健康的重要性。她们比以前锻炼得更多。

【解答】根据"女孩们现在.....知道健康的重要性。"及首字母提示可知，应该是"完全地"，这里修饰动词 know，用副词 totally。

故答案为：totally。

【点评】充分理解句意，再根据提示完成试题，注意时态、单复数、词性等变化。

完成对话 在空格中填上适当的单词，使对话完整正确。一空一词（含缩写词）。

40. (10分) A: Hey, Jim! You are reading a story book called Five Little Monkeys. When did you take an interest in books for (1) stories? We are 13 years old.

B: I read to my brother every Friday night.

A: Nice! What is your (2) secret to do it?

B: I usually talk about the (3) cover first. The picture and the name of the book can help learn about the story. Try to use (4) simple language. Children can't understand all the words

in the book.

A: You are quite right!

B: I also use different voices (声音) for each (5) character. It helps kids understand who is talking.

A: Thanks! What else do you do with your family?

B: We often go to the movies. So we (6) choose cinemas most carefully. Town Cinema is our favorite because it has the best sound and the biggest screens. We can see the pictures so (7) beautifully.

A: How often do you go there?

B: About once two weeks. But these days I have the flu. So it's (8) best to stay at home. We have to watch the Minions online this Saturday afternoon. (9) Although it's old, the cartoon is enjoyable. Can you come over to my house?

A: Sure! Now I know why you have such a good relationship. You spend lots of (10) time together.

【分析】对话中主要讲了吉姆给弟弟读故事的秘诀，以及他和家人经常去看电影的事情。

【解答】(1) 考查名词。句意：你什么时候开始对故事书感兴趣的？结合上文，You are reading a story book called Five Little Monkeys. (你正在读一本叫《五只小猴子》的故事书。) 可知问句询问什么时候对故事书感兴趣的，用可数名词复数表示类别。故答案为 stories。

(2) 考查名词。句意：你做这件事的秘诀是什么？secret"秘诀"符合题意。故答案为 secret。

(3) 考查名词。句意：我通常先谈封面。结合下文 The picture and the name of the book can help learn about the story. (图片和书名可以帮助你了解故事。) 可知先看书的封面，根据 the picture 和 the name 可知名词用单数。故答案为 cover。

(4) 考查形容词。句意：尽量使用简单的语言。结合下文，Children can't understand all the words in the book. (孩子们不能理解书中的所有单词。) 可知要用简单的语言，simple"简单的"符合题意，用形容词修饰名词。故答案为 simple。

(5) 考查名词。句意：我还为每个角色使用不同的声音。character"角色"符合题意，each 后跟可数名词单数。故答案为 character。

(6) 考查动词。句意：所以我们选择电影院非常仔细。choose"选择"符合题意，本文用一般现在时，we 后谓语动词用原形。故答案为 choose。

(7) 考查副词。句意：我们可以看到图画如此美丽。beautiful"美丽的"符合题意，用副

词修饰实义动词。故答案为 beautifully。

(8) 考查形容词最高级。句意：所以最好呆在家里。结合上文 But these days I have the flu. (但是这些天我得了流感。) 可知最好呆在家, it's best to do sth 最好做某事, 固定句型。故答案为 best。

(9) 考查连词。句意：虽然这部动画片很老了, 但是很有趣。although"虽然"符合题意, 表示让步。故答案为 Although。

(10) 考查名词。句意：你们花很多时间在一起。time"时间"符合题意, 不可数名词。故答案为 time。

【点评】通读全文, 理解文章大意, 紧密结合上下文判断句意, 根据句意判断空格处词义, 根据相关知识点写出词语的正确形式, 完成后再次阅读查看语意是否正确。

短文填空 从下面方框中选出 10 个单词, 将其正确形式填入短文, 使短文意思正确通顺 (每词限用一次)。

41. (10 分)

accept advise again delete feel hard how small success try upset why

Do you often make a resolution that you are going to work harder in the future? Do you get bad grades (1) again because you can't keep your resolution for long? I know this (2) feeling. It makes you (3) upset. But you must keep (4) trying.

Here is some (5) advice for you. First, find out (6) why you can't keep doing it. Is it because of your computer games? If your answer is yes, stay away from them. Second, think about how you will feel if you can't be (7) successful. Turn that bad feeling to your strength (力量). Then, when you study, try not to be worried about your difficulty. Worrying about your difficulty can make it look (8) harder than it really is. Do a little at a time. Finally, believe you can do it. My grandpa told me not to give up. Don't think "I can't do this." You should try "I can't do this yet, but I will." No matter (无论) how (9) small your self-improvement is, be proud (自豪) of yourself. Also learn (10) to accept that you can't go on sometimes.

【分析】本文主要讲了当你下定决心未来更努力, 但是往往很难坚持时, 应该怎么办。

【解答】(1) 考查副词。句意：你是否因为不能长期坚持你的决心而再次取得不好的成绩? again"再次"符合题意, 用副词作状语。故答案为 again。

(2) 考查名词。句意：我知道这种感觉。feel"感觉"符合题意，this 后跟可数名词单数。故答案为 feeling。

(3) 考查形容词。句意：它使你心烦意乱。upset"心烦意乱的"符合题意，make 与形容词构成固定搭配。故答案为 upset。

(4) 考查动名词。句意：但是你必须继续尝试，try"尝试"符合题意，keep doing 继续做某事，固定搭配。故答案为 trying。

(5) 考查名词。句意：这是给你的一些建议。advice"建议"符合题意，some 后跟可数名词复数或不可数名词。故答案为 advice。

(6) 考查副词。句意：首先，找出你为什么不能一直做下去。why"为什么"符合题意，做宾语从句的状语。故答案为 why。

(7) 考查形容词。句意：第二，想想如果你不能成功，你会有什么感觉。success"成功"符合题意，be 动词后跟形容词。故答案为 successful。

(8) 考查形容词比较级。句意：担心你的困难会使它看起来比实际上更难。hard"难的"符合题意，look 后跟形容词，根据 than 可知形容词用比较级。故答案为 harder。

(9) 考查形容词。句意：无论你的自我提升有多小，都要为自己感到骄傲。small"小的"符合题意，根据 is 可知用形容词。故答案为 small。

(10) 考查动词不定式。句意：也要学会接受你有时无法继续下去的事实。accept"接受"符合题意，learn to do 学着做某事，固定搭配。故答案为 to accept。

【点评】通读全文，理解文章大意，紧密结合上下文判断句意，根据句意及选词判断空格处词义，根据相关知识点写出词语的正确形式，完成后再次阅读查看语意是否正确。

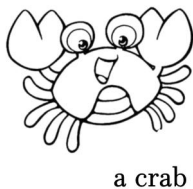
补全短文 根据短文内容，从短文后的 A~F 选项中选出 5 个适当的选项补全短文。

42. (5 分) Scientists already believe robot animals will become more and more important in the future. Hopping is very hard work, but kangaroos never seem to get tired. A German team built a robot kangaroo. (1) A Scientists hope to improve the way to move things in factories.

Scientists are also finding that robot animals can help people do very difficult jobs. (2) D Robot snakes can save the people under buildings after an earthquake (地震). (3) C Robot dogs can now carry things for people, open their doors for them and even do the dishes!

(4) B They can go and be with groups of the same kind of animals. The robot animals have cameras (摄像头) inside. (5) E And because the robot animal looks the same as the other animals, they are not afraid to stay near it.

- A.It can hop just like the real animal.
- B.Robot animals can look like real ones.
- C.Robot crabs can dig underwater and look for things.
- D.Some robot animals are also helping people in need.
- E.They can help people learn more about those animals 'living.
- F.So scientists can take beautiful photos of themselves more clearly.



【分析】文章介绍了一些机器动物的相关信息。

【解答】细节推理题。

(1) 根据前文 Hopping is very hard work, but kangaroos never seem to get tired. (跳跃是非常辛苦的工作, 但是袋鼠似乎从来不会累。)可知 A 项"它能像真正的动物一样跳跃。"符合语境。故选 A。

(2) 根据后文 Robot snakes can save the people under buildings after an earthquake (地震). (地震后, 机器蛇可以拯救建筑物下的人。)可知 D 项"一些机器动物也在帮助有需要的人。"符合语境。故选 D。

(3) 根据后文 Robot dogs can now carry things for people, open their doors for them and even do the dishes! (机器狗现在可以帮人拿东西, 为他们开门, 甚至洗碗。)可知 C 项"机器蟹可以在水下挖掘和寻找东西。"符合语境。故选 C。

(4) 根据后文 They can go and be with groups of the same kind of animals. (它们可以去和同类动物在一起。)可知 B 项"机器动物可以看起来像真的一样。"符合语境。故选 B。

(5) 根据前文 The robot animals have cameras (摄像头) inside. (机器动物体内有摄像头。)可知 E 项"他们可以帮助人们更多地了解这些动物的生活。"符合语境。故选 E。

【点评】在通读全文的基础上, 根据全文大意, 展开逻辑思维, 瞻前顾后, 认真辨析选项, 仔细推敲, 确定最佳答案。

完成图表 根据短文内容，完成图表中所缺信息。

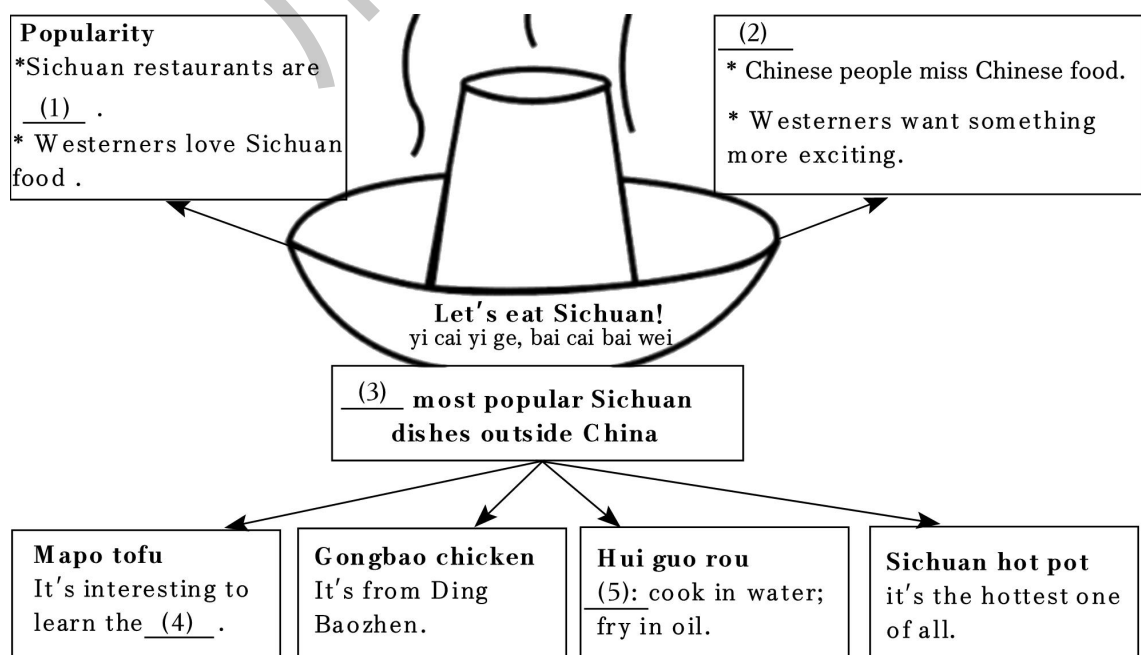
43. (5分) In the West, Sichuan food is very popular. Because Sichuan Chinese are opening Sichuan restaurants in many places. And Westerners (西方人) are beginning to love the hot, spicy food of Sichuan.

Many Chinese people in America want to eat food that makes them think of home. Westerners also want something more exciting when they go out to eat. And for them, nothing is more different than mapo tofu or gongbao chicken. The Chinese say yi cai yi ge, bai cai bai wei. This means each dish has its own taste, a hundred dishes have a hundred different tastes.

So which are the most popular outside China? Mapo tofu is probably the most famous Sichuan dish in the West. The name means "tofu made by an old woman with marks (麻子) on her face." Gongbao chicken's name comes from Ding Baozhen, a Qing governor (官员) of Sichuan. The dish was his favorite. Another delicious dish is hui guo rou. The meat is first cooked in water and then fried in oil with fresh vegetables. And finally comes the hottest of all: Sichuan hot pot. Many Westerners don't think they can eat a Sichuan hot pot meal with their Chinese friends without asking for cold water.

(1) in many places (2) Reasons (3) Four (4) meaning (5) Steps/

Instructions/ Ways



【分析】 本文主要讲川菜在西方很受欢迎以及受欢迎的原因，并介绍了四道最受欢迎的川菜：麻婆豆腐、宫保鸡丁、回锅肉和四川火锅。

【解答】 细节理解题。

(1) 根据 Because Sichuan Chinese are opening Sichuan restaurants in many places. (因为四川人在很多地方开川菜馆。) 可知四川餐馆在很多地方都有。故填 in many places。

(2) 分析 Chinese people miss Chinese food. (中国人怀念中餐。) 及 Westerners want something more exciting. (西方人想要更刺激的东西。) 可知这是川菜在西方受欢迎的两个原因。故填 Reasons。

(3) 细节理解题。通读三段可知，文章介绍了四个川菜：麻婆豆腐、宫保鸡丁、回锅肉和四川火锅。故填 Four。

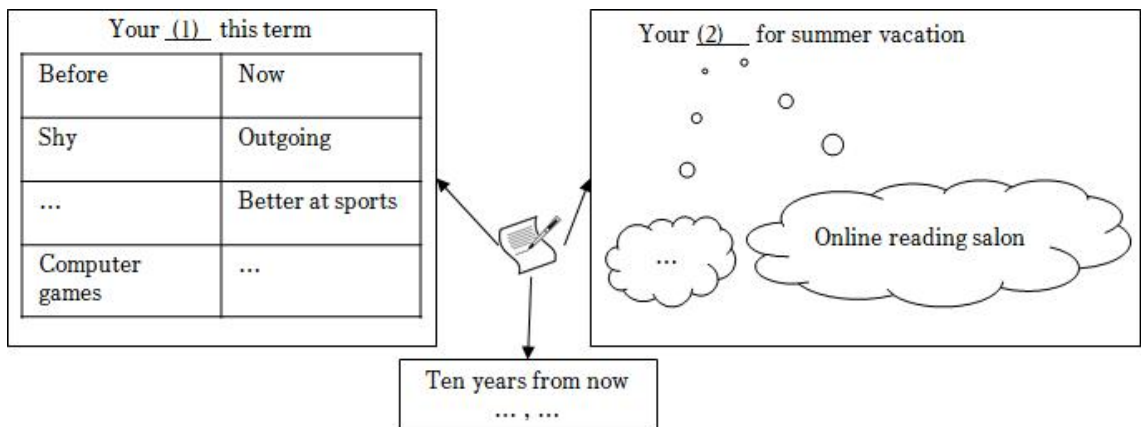
(4) 根据第三段 The name means "tofu made by an old woman with marks on her face." (这个名字的意思是"脸上有麻子的老妇人做的豆腐") 可知了解麻婆豆腐的意思是很有趣的。故填 meaning。

(5) 分析 cook in water (在水里煮) 及 fry in oil (放入油中炸) 可知这是回锅肉的制作步骤。故填 Steps/ Instructions/ Ways。

【点评】 做题时首先对原文材料迅速浏览，掌握全文的主旨大意。其次，细读题材，各个击破。掌握全文的大意之后，细细阅读材料后的问题，弄清每题要求后，带着问题，再回到原文中去寻找、捕获有关信息。

书面表达 (计 15 分)

44. (15 分) "成都市中小学生生涯规划教育实施方案"出台后，你校开展了一系列活动。假如你是刘明，请根据以下内容写一份英语演讲稿，参加本月的演讲比赛。



要求:

- (1) 请先填写表中空格;
- (2) 须完整描述图文信息;
- (3) 文中不能出现真实校名和姓名;
- (4) 词数 90 左右。

参考词汇: salon 沙龙

【分析】【高分句型一】

I used to like playing computer games, but now I prefer to spend more time studying and relaxing myself.我过去喜欢玩电脑游戏,但现在我更喜欢花更多的时间学习和放松自己。
but 表转折。

【高分句型二】

I hope I have a rich holiday.我希望我过一个丰富的假期。宾语从句。

【解答】I was very short 10 years ago, but now I am very tall and strong. (十年前和现在)
I used to be very shy, but now I'm very outgoing.I have made many friends.I used to like to stay at home and watch TV, but now I'm better at sports.If I have time, I will do sports with my classmates.I used to like playing computer games, but now I prefer to spend more time studying and relaxing myself. **【高分句型一】**(这学期的变化) In this summer vacation, I will first participate in a reading salon.I hope that by participating in it, I can broaden my horizons.At the same time, I will also visit Beijing.I want to visit the Palace Museum, the Great Wall, and eat Beijing roast duck. **【高分句型二】**(暑假计划)

【点评】能够根据提示进行书面表达,能够围绕主题准确使用一定的语法、词汇、短语和句型等,清楚连贯地表达自己的思想,进而完成写作任务。

川越学校